- (a) providing said compounds,
- (b) creating said array of combinations of compounds,
- (c) providing living test cells,
- (d) contacting said array of combinations of compounds with said test cell under conditions that ensure that each compound combination/test cell contacting is segregated from the others,
  - (e) detecting or measuring a property of the test cells, and
- (f) selecting combinations of compounds that cause an effect on said property of the test cells that is different from the effect of each compound of the combination by itself.
- 2. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein steps (b) and (d) comprise sequentially contacting said compounds with said test cells, thereby creating said array in the presence of said test cells.
- 5. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said detecting step (e) is performed by a cytoblot assay.

- 6. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said detecting step (e) is performed by a reporter gene assay.
- 7. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said detecting step (e) is performed by a fluorescence resonance energy transfer assay.
- 8. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said detecting step (e) is performed by detecting a fluorescent calcium-binding indicator dye.
- 9. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said detecting step (e) employs fluorescence microscopy.
- 10. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step (e) employs expression profiling.
  - 11. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said cells are human cells.
- 12. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said cells are selected from the group consisting of cancer cells, immune cells, neurons, and fibroblasts.

- 18. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said compounds are selected from the group consisting of non-polymeric organic compounds, lipids, carbohydrates, peptides, inorganic compounds, and oligonucleotides.
- 20. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of said compounds is employed in purified form.
- 21. (Amended) The method of claim 20, wherein each of said compounds is employed in purified form.
- 22. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said compounds are provided as components of mixtures.
- 28. (Amended) A method for screening two-compound or higher order combinations for biological activity, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) creating an array of at least 200 unique two-compound or higher order combinations from a set of compounds,
  - (b) providing living test cells,
- (c) contacting said array of combinations of compounds with said test cells under conditions that ensure that each compound combination/test cell contacting is segregated from the others,
  - (d) detecting or measuring a property of the test cells, and

- (e) selecting combinations of compounds that cause an effect on said property of the test cells that is different from the effect of each compound of the combination by itself.
- 29. (Amended) The method of claim 28, wherein steps (a) (c) comprise sequentially contacting said compounds with said test cells, thereby creating said array in the presence of said test cells.
- 35. (Amended) The method of claim 28, wherein said compounds are selected from the group consisting of non-polymeric organic compounds, lipids, carbohydrates, peptides, inorganic compounds, and oligonucleotides.
- 37. (Amended) The method of claim 28, wherein at least one of said compounds is employed in purified form.
- 39. (Amended) The method of claim 28, wherein said compounds are provided as components of mixtures.
- 40. (Amended) The method of claim 39, wherein said mixtures are natural product extracts.

- 48. (Amended) A method for screening two-compound or higher order combinations for biological activity, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) creating an array of at least 49 unique two-compound or higher order combinations,
  - (b) providing living test cells,
- (c) contacting said array of combinations of compounds with said test cells under conditions that ensure that each compound combination/test cell contacting is segregated from the others,
  - (d) detecting or measuring a property of the test cells,
- (e) selecting combinations of compounds that cause an effect on said property of the test cells that is different from the effect of each compound of the combination by itself, and
- (f) repeating steps (a) through (e) at least 25 times over a one-week period, using a different array in each repetition.
- 51. (Amended) The method of claim 48, wherein said compounds are selected from the group consisting of non-polymeric organic compounds, lipids, carbohydrates, peptides, inorganic compounds, and oligonucleotides.
- 53. (Amended) The method of claim 48, wherein said compounds are employed in purified form.

- 54. (Amended) The method of claim 48, wherein said compounds are provided as components of mixtures.
- 60. (Amended) A method for screening two-compound or higher order combinations for biological activity, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) creating an array of at least 10,000 unique two-compound or higher order combinations from a set of compounds,
  - (b) providing living test cells,
- (c) contacting said array of combinations of compounds with said test cells under conditions that ensure that each compound combination/test cell contacting is segregated from the others,
  - (d) detecting or measuring a property of the test cells,
- (e) selecting combinations of compounds that cause an effect on said property of the test cells that is different from the effect of each compound of the combination by itself, and
- (f) repeating steps (a) through (e) at least twice over a period of ten days or less, wherein, in step (a), said array of at least 10,000 two-compound or higher order combinations is different in two or more repetitions.
- 61. (Amended) A method for screening combinations of compounds for biological activity, said method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) providing living test cells,

- (b) contacting said test cells with at least 100 compounds under conditions that ensure that each compound/test cell contacting is segregated from the others,
  - (c) detecting or measuring a property of said test cells,
- (d) selecting compounds that cause a change in said property relative to said property of said test cells not contacted with said compounds,
- (e) creating an array of at least 49 unique two-compound or higher order combinations from the identified compounds,
- (f) contacting said array of combinations of compounds with test cells under conditions that ensure that each compound combination/test cell contacting is segregated from the others,
- (g) detecting or measuring a property of the test cells element of step (f), and
- (h) identifying combinations of compounds that cause an effect on said property of step (g) that is different from the effect of a compound of the combination by itself.
- 62. (Amended) The method of claim 61, wherein the test cells of step (a) are the same as the test cells of step (f).

Kindly add new claims 64-88 as follows.

64. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of said compounds is a small molecule.

- 65. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein said small molecule is an FDA-approved drug.
- 66. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein each of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 66, wherein said small molecules are FDA-approved drugs.
- 68. (New) The method of claim 28, wherein at least one of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 69. (New) The method of claim 68, wherein said small molecule is an FDA-approved drug.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 68, wherein each of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 71. (New) The method of claim 70, wherein said small molecules are FDA-approved drugs.

- 72. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein at least one of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 73. (New) The method of claim 72, wherein said small molecule is an FDA-approved drug.
- 74. (New) The method of claim 72, wherein each of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 75. (New) The method of claim 74, wherein said small molecules are FDA-approved drugs.
- 76. (New) The method of claim 48, wherein at least one of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 77. (New) The method of claim 76, wherein said small molecule is an FDA-approved drug.
- 78. (New) The method of claim 76, wherein each of said compounds is a small molecule.

- 79. (New) The method of claim 78, wherein said small molecules are FDA-approved drugs.
- 80. (New) The method of claim 60, wherein at least one of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 81. (New) The method of claim 80, wherein said small molecule is an FDA-approved drug.
- 82. (New) The method of claim 80, wherein each of said compounds is a small molecule.
- 83. (New) The method of claim 82, wherein said small molecules are FDA-approved drugs.
- 84. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein said creating step (b) comprises contacting at least seven of said compounds with each other in a pairwise manner.
- 85. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein each of said combinations screened for biological activity is a two-compound combination.

- 86. (New) The method of claim 28, wherein each of said combinations screened for biological activity is a two-compound combination.
- 87. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein each of said combinations screened for biological activity is a three-compound combination.
- 88. (New) The method of claim 28, wherein each of said combinations screened for biological activity is a three-compound combination.